

LoTAG Group 2 & Smart Cities Conference

**Electric Charging of vehicles from Lamp
Columns**



THE ROYAL BOROUGH OF
KENSINGTON
AND CHELSEA

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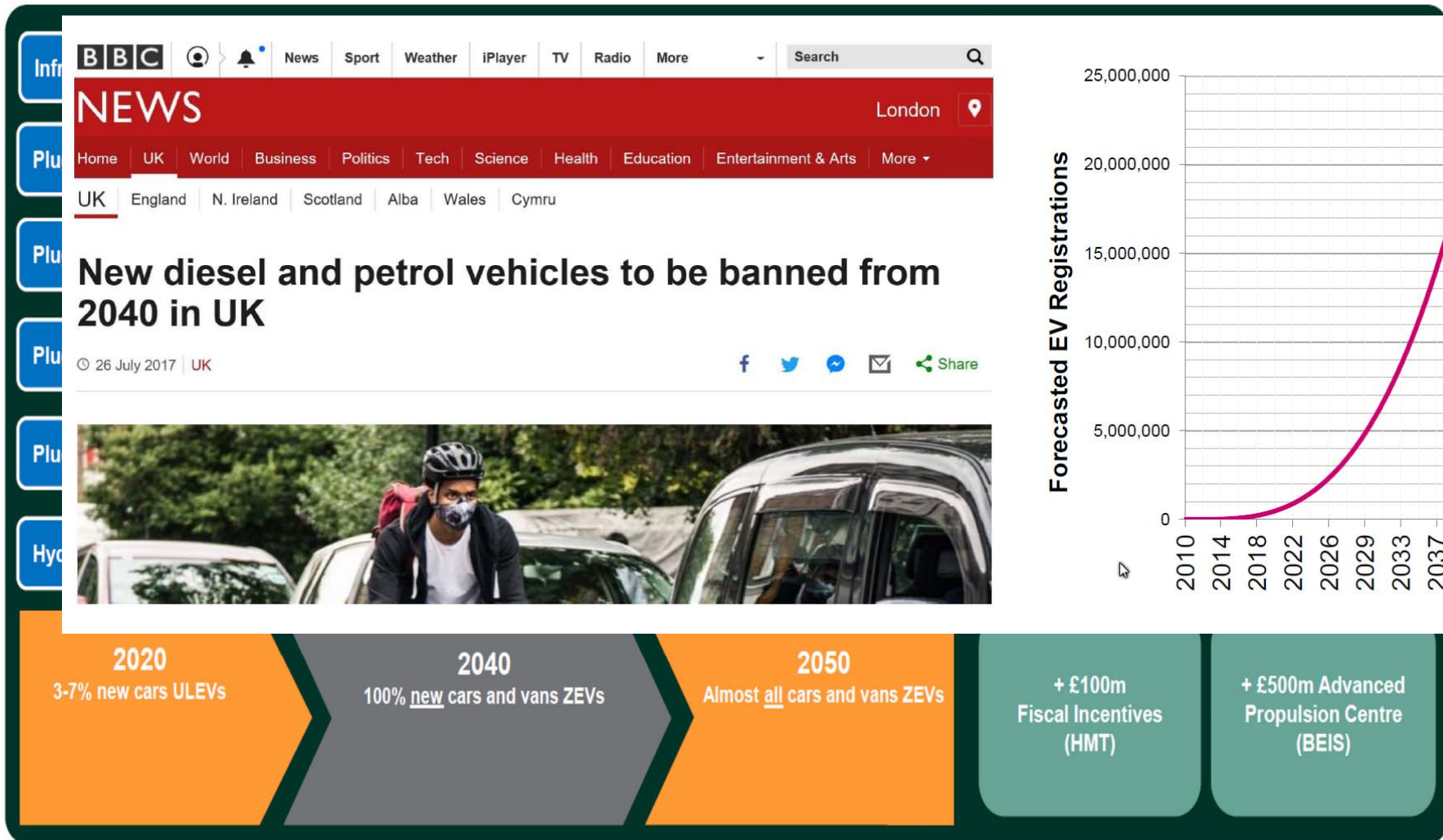


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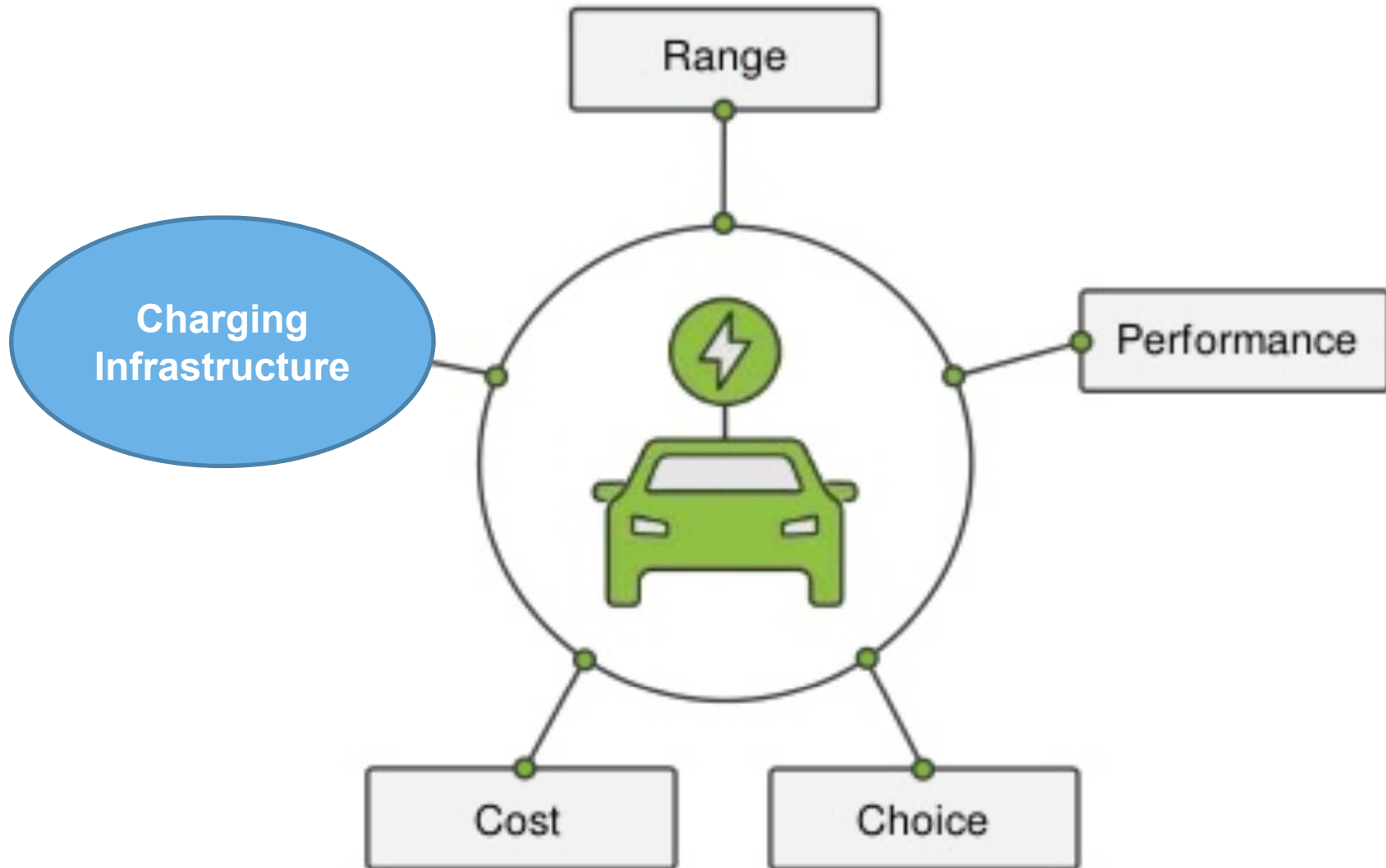
Office for
Low Emission
Vehicles

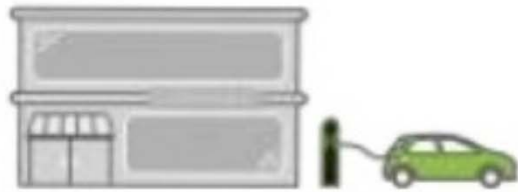
Total Government investment is now nearly £1.5 billion until 2020/21



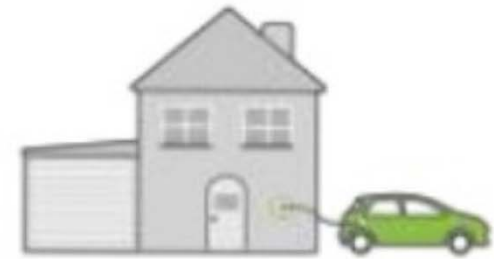
Moving Britain Ahead

Barriers to EV





En-Route Charge



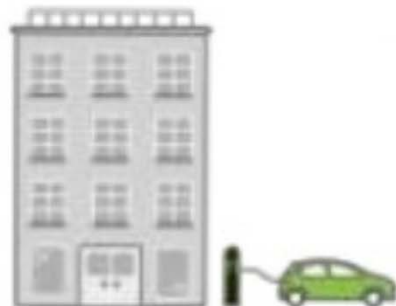
Residential Home Charging

Destination Charge

1%

2%

17%



Workplace Charge

More than 80 percent of residential and fleet charging is done at "home"

- "Home refueling," charging overnight at home for personal vehicles and at work for fleet vehicles







Opportunities for the borough

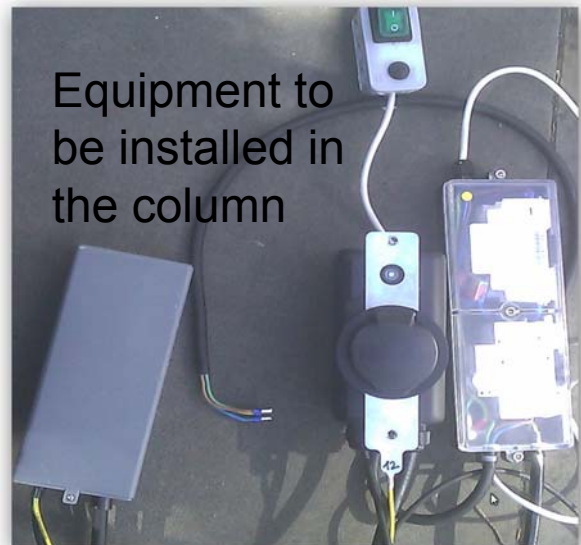
The RBKC has:

- Approx 280 electric vehicle owners with residents permits (and rising)
- Resident on street parking spaces approx. 28,000 but there are 37,000 parking permits
- Approximately 80% available to residents is on street
- Only one resident parking zone – allows residents to park anywhere in the borough
- Conclusion
 - There was a need to develop a new approach to EVCP without designating bays

- Streetscape
 - Street clutter
- Loss of parking
 - Residential or P&D for dedicated EV bay
- Installation costs
- Local disruption during installation
- Traffic Orders required







Equipment to be installed in the column



EVCP Operation

- Meter and cable owned by resident
- Their own PIN to activate the supply
- Meter 'talks' to the column and locks plug in socket, activating supply
- Meter provides usage, and customer can check account on line

ELEXON Approved

- Method developed for accounting for the mobile meter is formally approved by ELEXON (regulator responsible for unmetered arrangements)

ELEXON



Successful trial with EVCP on lamp posts

- RBKC Strategy
 - Installation where possible in P&D or single yellow line
 - Advantage - Locations available free outside controlled times, limit possible 'hogging' of resident bays
 - Install in groups of three along a road, as no designated bays
 - The Council remains in control of our street lighting assets
 - The cable and contract for the supply and charging will be between the resident and provider
 - The Council will require a charge to cover future maintenance and replacements costs
 - Plug-in charge and usage charge to deter 'hogging' the EVCP



The Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea

Electric Vehicles Map

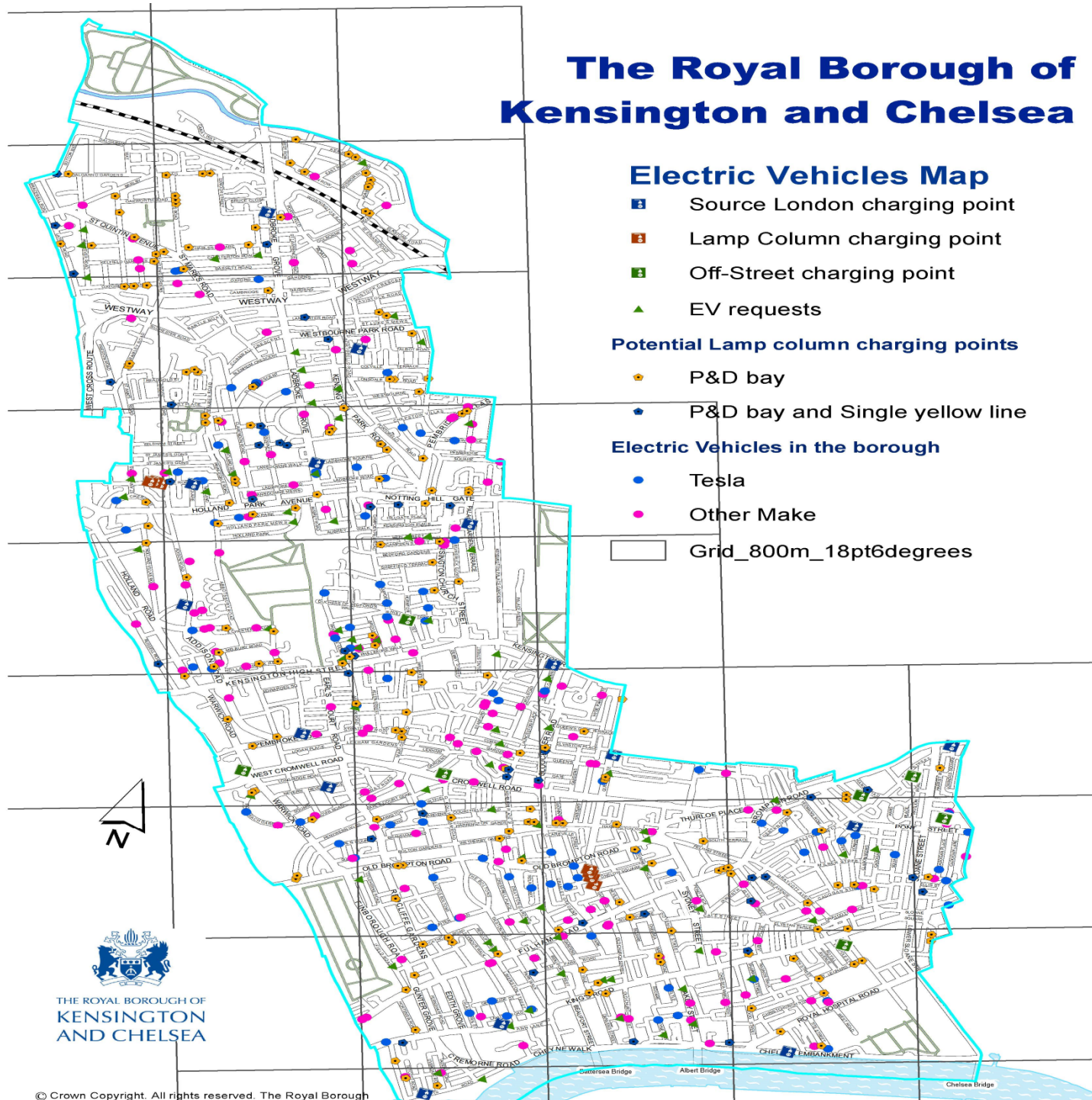
- Source London charging point
- Lamp Column charging point
- Off-Street charging point
- EV requests

Potential Lamp column charging points

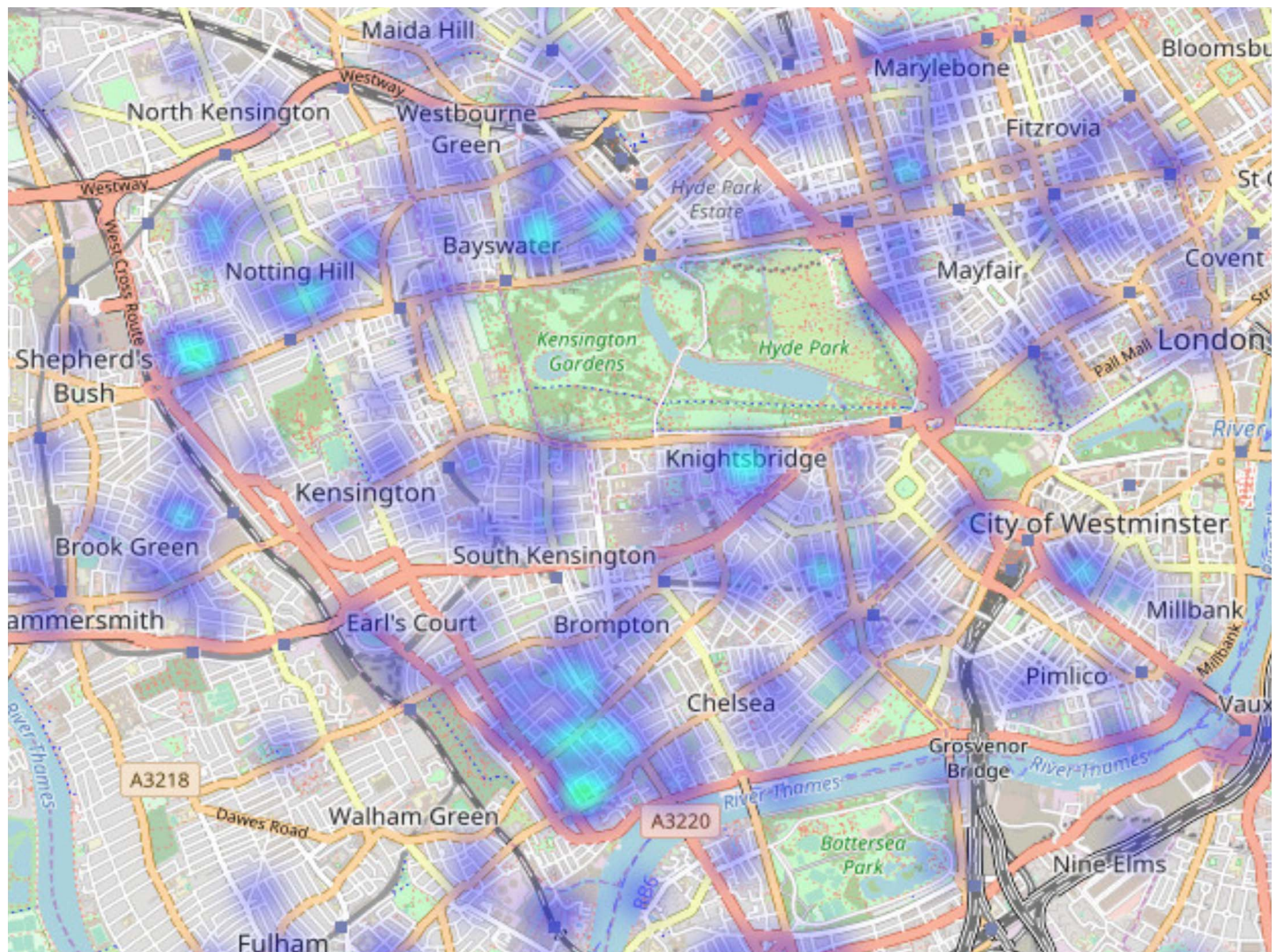
- P&D bay
- P&D bay and Single yellow line

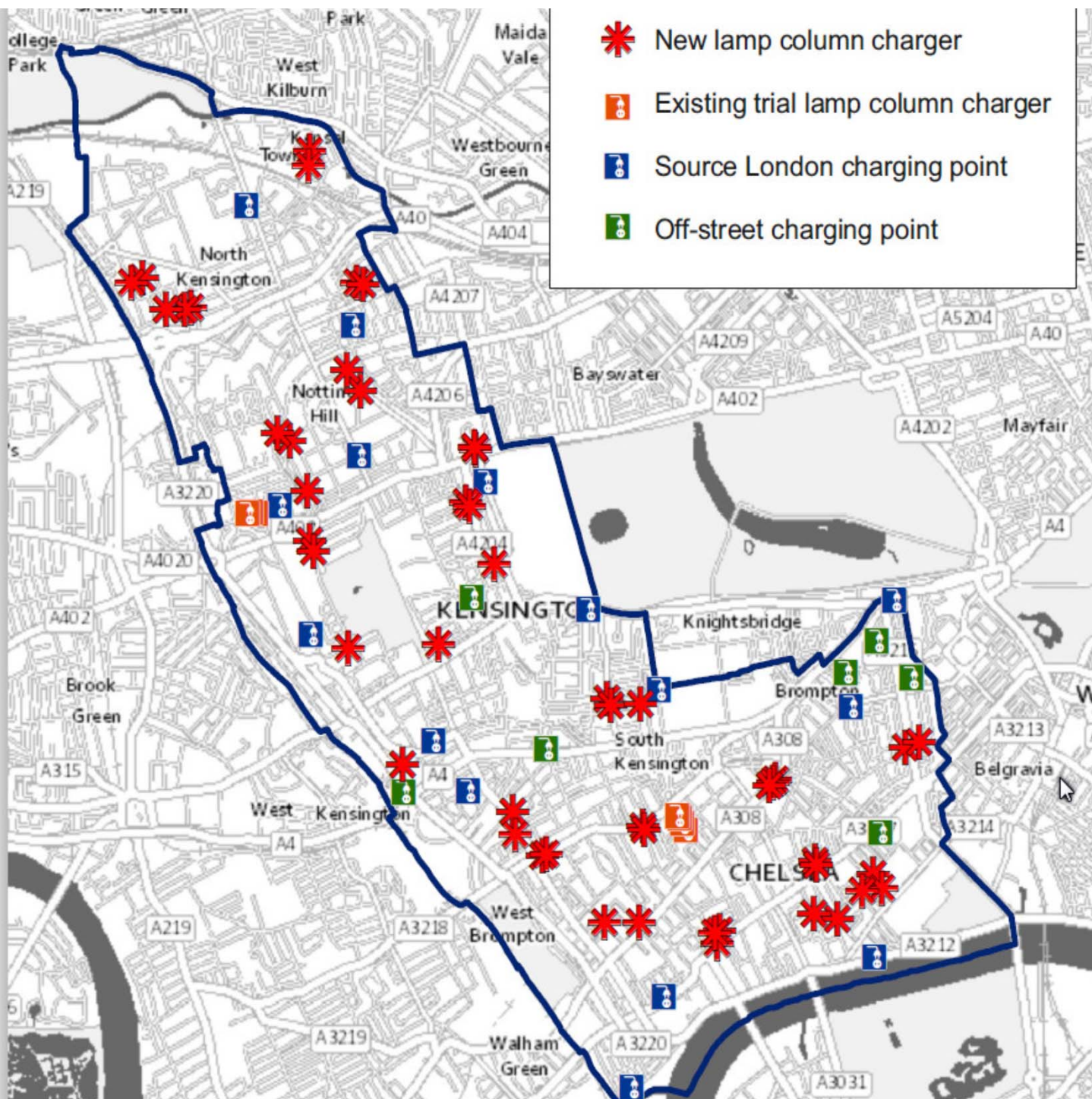
Electric Vehicles in the borough

- Tesla
- Other Make
- Grid_800m_18pt6degrees



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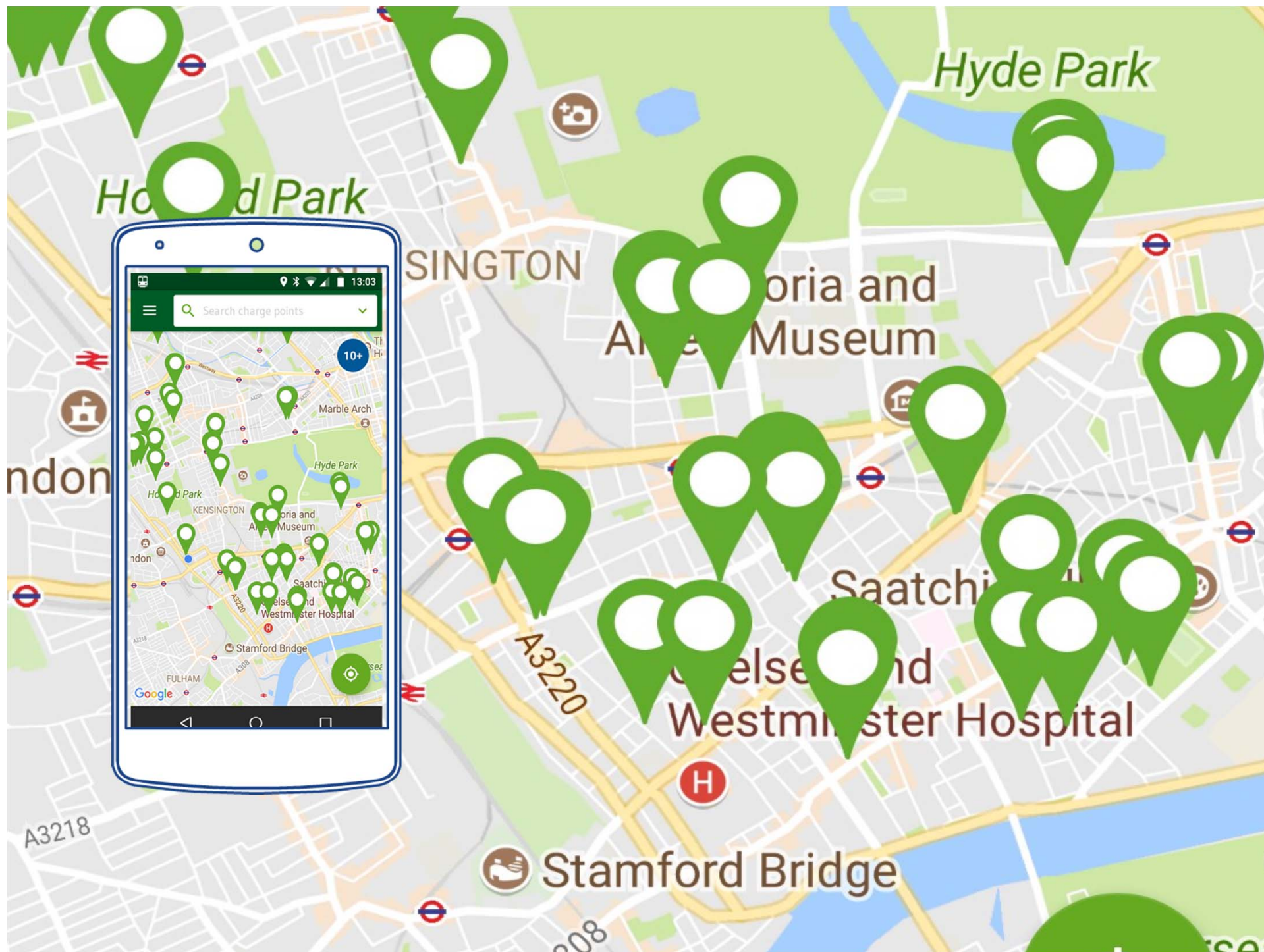
Choice of energy supplier

- November 2017, OVO Energy became the first green electricity supplier to offer Kensington & Chelsea residents its energy through a branded ublitrlicity SmartCable
- In future other suppliers will also offer this service allowing residents a truly competitive choice of energy providers
- Suppliers will benefit from being able to offer customers a home + EV car offering, as well as future smart charging capabilities (vehicle to grid, etc)



Free Standing Solution





Conclusion

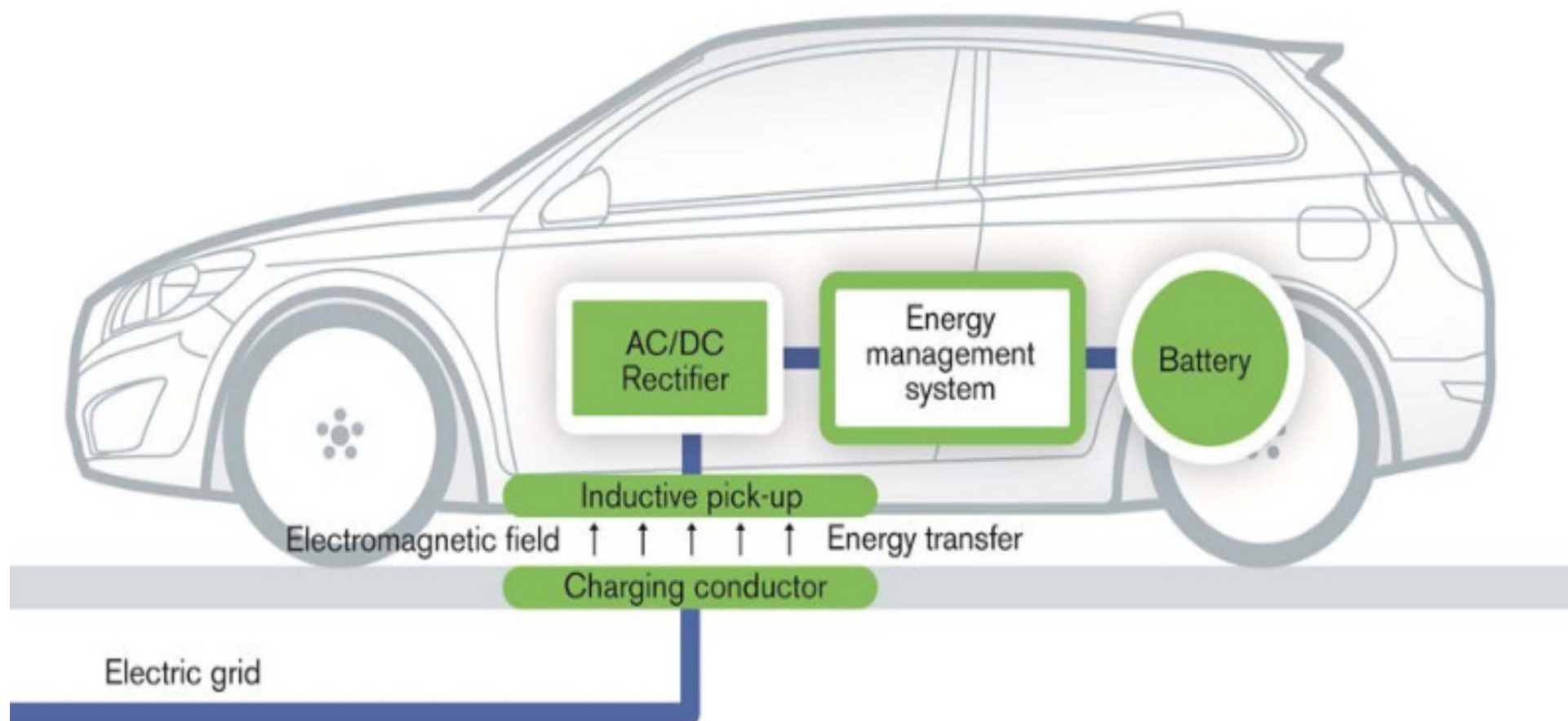
- EVCP in lamp columns provides more flexibility
- It has been well received by those using them, 'good charging experience'
- Easy enough to install and redeploy if required
- Our strategy is:
 - The Council will continue to; manage, maintain its own assets and the equipment including the EVCP within the columns
 - The responsibility for the cable, meter, billing and usage will be the responsibility of the user and provider of the service
- The units installed will:
 - Increase our knowledge of usage
 - Test our strategies
 - Test demand

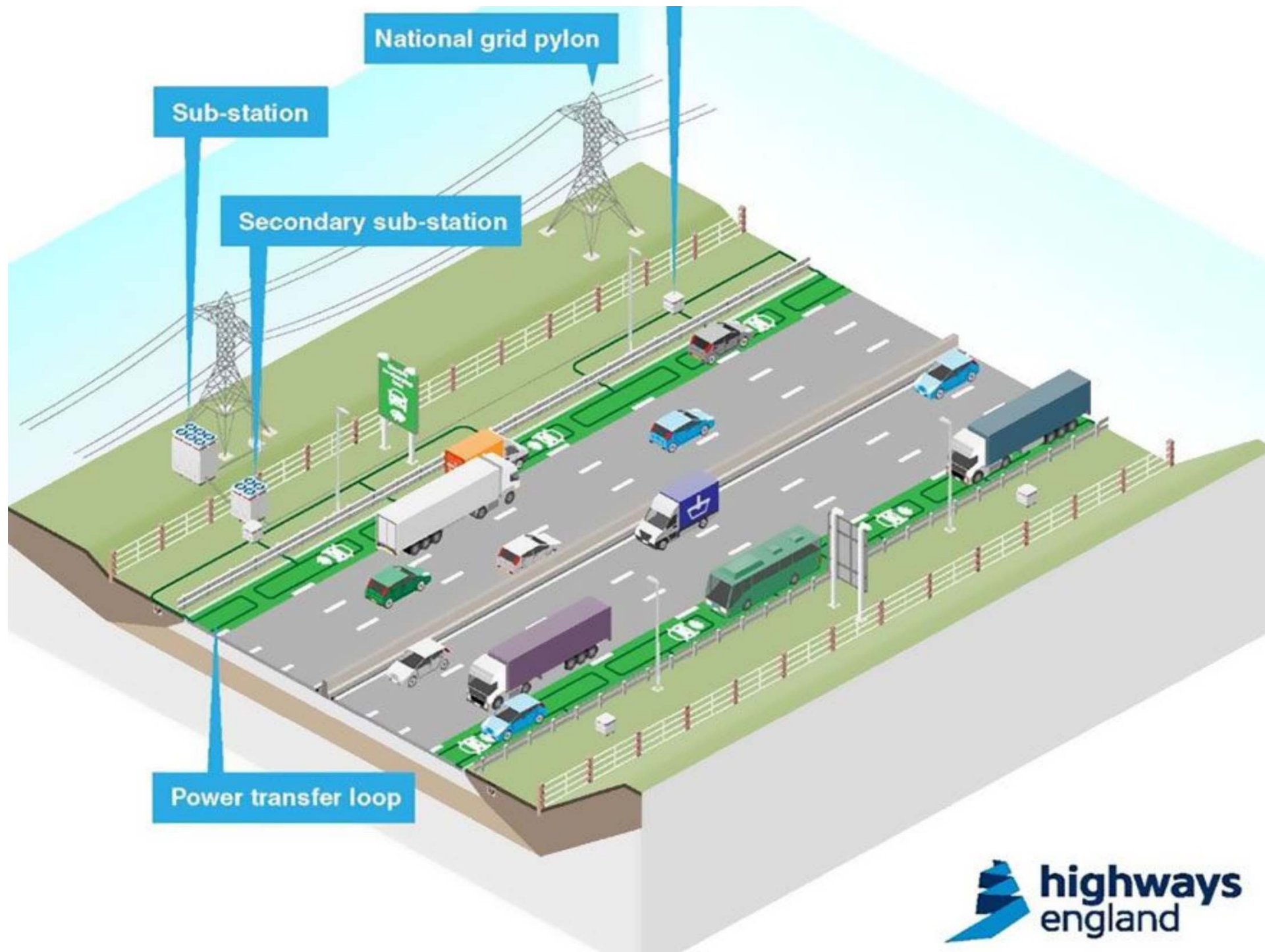


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The Future Autonomous Vehicles?

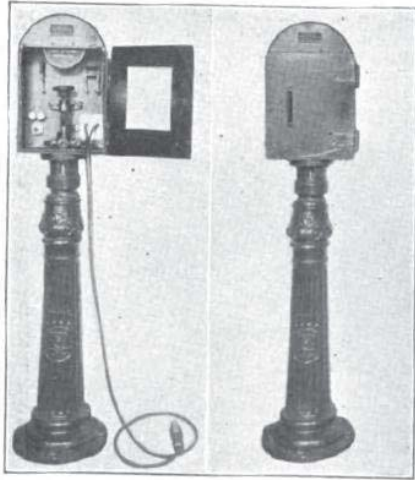






Public Electric-Vehicle-Charging Station

A compact charging station for electric automobiles, which is inclosed in a weatherproof box and is mounted on a pedestal so that it can be placed near the curb, is shown in the accompanying illustration. A charging cable and plug are provided, and while the battery is being charged the door can be closed and locked. A



FIGS. 1 AND 2—CURB CHARGING STATION FOR ELECTRIC AUTOMOBILES

regulating rheostat, ammeter, polarity indicator, lamp, switches, etc., are mounted on a slate panel as shown in Fig. 1. The box is of sheet steel and is electrically welded. The pedestal is of cast iron. Connection with the direct-current supply is made through conduit passing underneath the sidewalk. A prepayment meter may be used if desired, but on account of the numerous sizes and kinds of batteries and varying conditions an attendant is usually required.

This device for charging electric cars at the curb is made in two sizes with ratings of 100 amp and 150 amp and is being placed on the market by Clarence E. Ogden, 514 Mercantile Library Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

